MOSFET Driver, High Speed, Dual

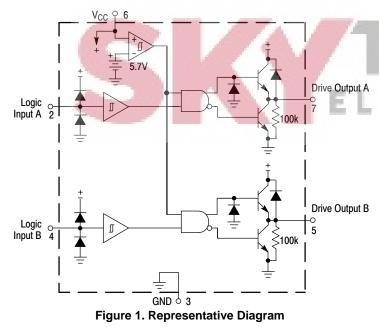
The MC34152/MC33152 are dual noninverting high speed drivers specifically designed for applications that require low current digital signals to drive large capacitive loads with high slew rates. These devices feature low input current making them CMOS/LSTTL logic compatible, input hysteresis for fast output switching that is independent of input transition time, and two high current totem pole outputs ideally suited for driving power MOSFETs. Also included is an undervoltage lockout with hysteresis to prevent system erratic operation at low supply voltages.

Typical applications include switching power supplies, dc-to-dc converters, capacitor charge pump voltage doublers/inverters, and motor controllers.

This device is available in dual-in-line and surface mount packages.

Features

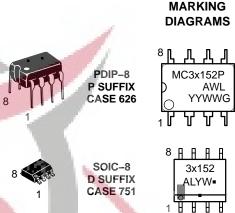
- Two Independent Channels with 1.5 A Totem Pole Outputs
- Output Rise and Fall Times of 15 ns with 1000 pF Load
- CMOS/LSTTL Compatible Inputs with Hysteresis
- Undervoltage Lockout with Hysteresis
- Low Standby Current
- Efficient High Frequency Operation
- Enhanced System Performance with Common Switching Regulator Control ICs
- NCV Prefix for Automotive and Other Applications Requiring Site and Change Controls
- These are Pb-Free and Halide-Free Devices





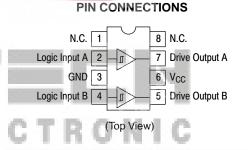
ON Semiconductor®

http://onsemi.com





(Note: Microdot may be in either location)



ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information in the package dimensions section on page 10 of this data sheet.

MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	20	V
Logic Inputs (Note 1)	V _{in}	–0.3 to +V _{CC}	V
Drive Outputs (Note 2) Totem Pole Sink or Source Current Diode Clamp Current (Drive Output to V _{CC})	I _O I _{O(clamp)}	1.5 1.0	A
Power Dissipation and Thermal Characteristics D Suffix, Plastic Package Case 751 Maximum Power Dissipation @ $T_A = 50^{\circ}C$ Thermal Resistance, Junction–to–Air P Suffix, Plastic Package, Case 626 Maximum Power Dissipation @ $T_A = 50^{\circ}C$ Thermal Resistance, Junction–to–Air	Ρ _D R _{θJA} Ρ _D R _{θJA}	0.56 180 1.0 100	°C/W %
Operating Junction Temperature	Tر	+150	°C
Operating Ambient Temperature MC34152 MC33152 MC33152V, NCV33152	TA	0 to +70 -40 to +85 -40 to +125	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T _{stg}	-65 to +150	°C
Electrostatic Discharge Sensitivity (ESD) (Note 3) Human Body Model (HBM) Machine Model (MM) Charged Device Model (CDM)	ESD	2000 200 1500	V

Stresses exceeding Maximum Ratings may damage the device. Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only. Functional operation above the Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses above the Recommended Operating Conditions may affect device reliability.

1. For optimum switching speed, the maximum input voltage should be limited to 10 V or V_{CC}, whichever is less.

2. Maximum package power dissipation limits must be observed.

3. ESD protection per following tests:

JEDEC Standard JESD22–A114–F for HBM JEDEC Standard JESD22–A115–A for MM JEDEC Standard JESD22–C101D for CDM.



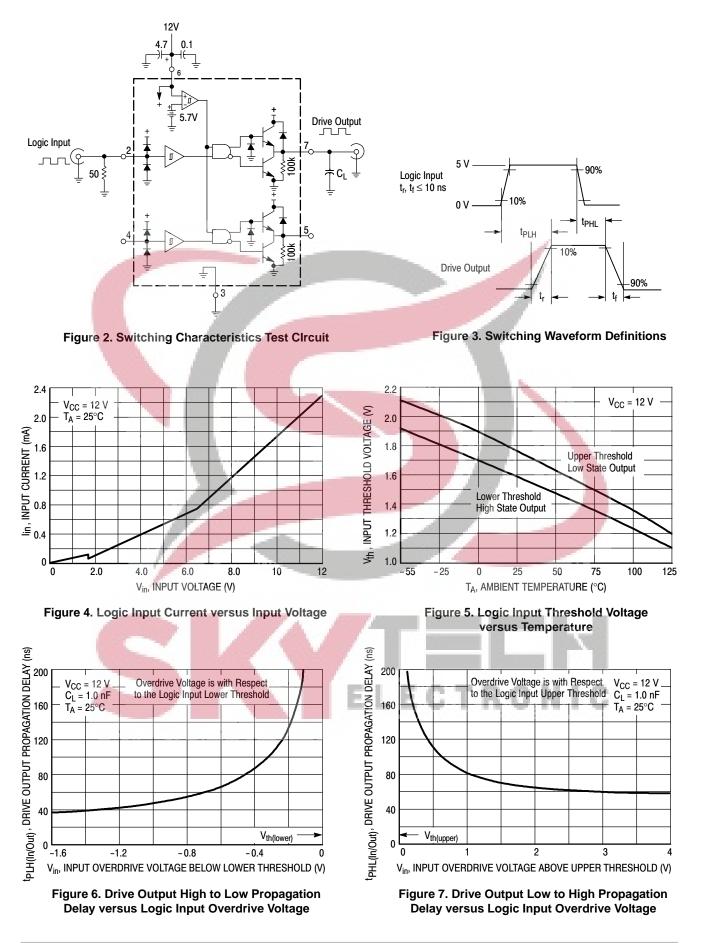
http://onsemi.com

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (V_{CC} = 12 V, for typical values T_A = 25°C, for min/max values T_A is the operating ambient temperature range that applies [Note 4], unless otherwise noted.)

Characteristics	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
LOGIC INPUTS					
Input Threshold Voltage Output Transition High-to-Low State Output Transition Low-to-High State	V _{IH} VIL	_ 0.8	1.75 1.58	2.6	V
Input Current High State ($V_{IH} = 2.6 V$) Low State ($V_{IL} = 0.8 V$)			100 20	300 100	μΑ
DRIVE OUTPUT					
Output Voltage Low State ($I_{sink} = 10 \text{ mA}$) ($I_{sink} = 50 \text{ mA}$) ($I_{sink} = 400 \text{ mA}$) High State ($I_{source} = 10 \text{ mA}$) ($I_{source} = 50 \text{ mA}$) ($I_{source} = 400 \text{ mA}$)	V _{OL} V _{OH}	- - 10.5 10.4 10	0.8 1.1 1.8 11.2 11.1 10.8	1.2 1.5 2.5 - -	V
Output Pull-Down Resistor	R _{PD}	-	100	_	kΩ
SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (T _A = 25°C)			1		
Propagation Delay (C _L = 1.0 nF) Logic Input to: Drive Output Rise (10% Input to 10% Output) Drive Output Fall (90% Input to 90% Output)	^t plh (in/out) ^t phl (in/out)	-	55 40	120 120	ns
Drive Output Rise Time (10% to 90%) $C_L = 1.0 \text{ nF}$ $C_L = 2.5 \text{ nF}$	tr	- `	14 36	30 -	ns
Drive Output Fall Time (90% to 10%) $C_L = 1.0 \text{ nF}$ $C_L = 2.5 \text{ nF}$	t _f	-	15 32	30 -	ns
TOTAL DEVICE					
Power Supply Current Standby (Logic Inputs Grounded) Operating (C _L = 1.0 nF Drive Outputs 1 and 2, f = 100 kHz)	Icc	-	6.0 10.5	8.0 15	mA
Operating Voltage	V _{CC}	6.1		18	V
UNDERVOLTAGE LOCKOUT					
Startup Threshold	V _{th}	_	5.8	6.1	V
Minimum Operating Voltage After Turn–On (V _{CC})	V _{CC(min)}	-	5.3	-	V
. Low duty cycle pulse techniques are used during test to maintain junction temp $T_{low} = 0^{\circ}C$ for MC34152, -40°C for MC33152, -40°C for MC33152V $T_{high} = +70^{\circ}C$ for MC34152, +85°C for MC33152, +125°C for MC33152V NCV33152: $T_{low} = -40^{\circ}C$, $T_{high} = +125^{\circ}C$. Guaranteed by design.	E C T	ambient a	as possible	C	

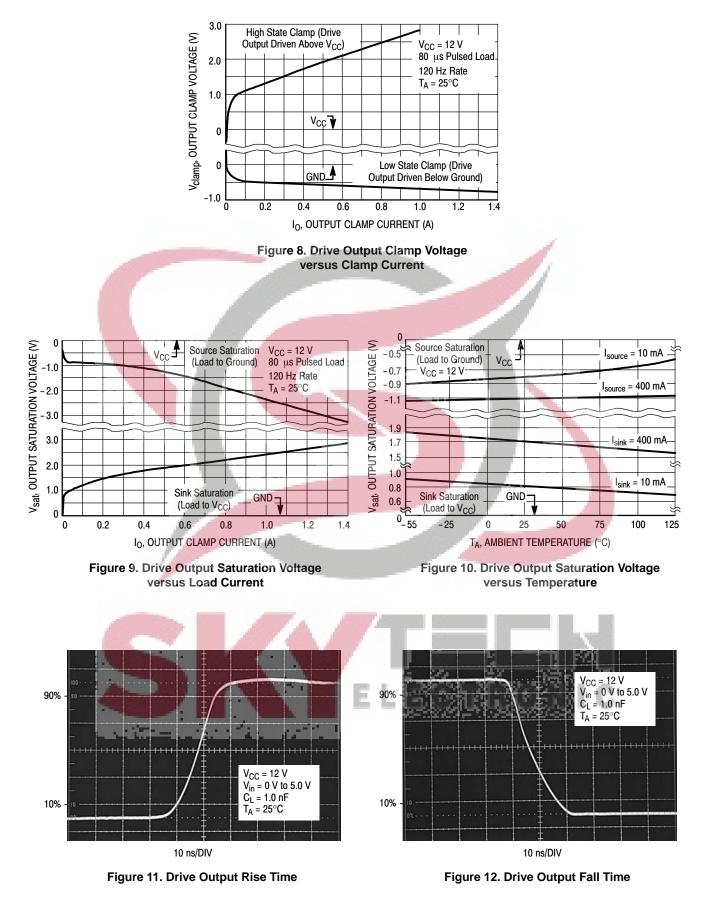
http://onsemi.com

Published by WWW.SKYTECH.ir

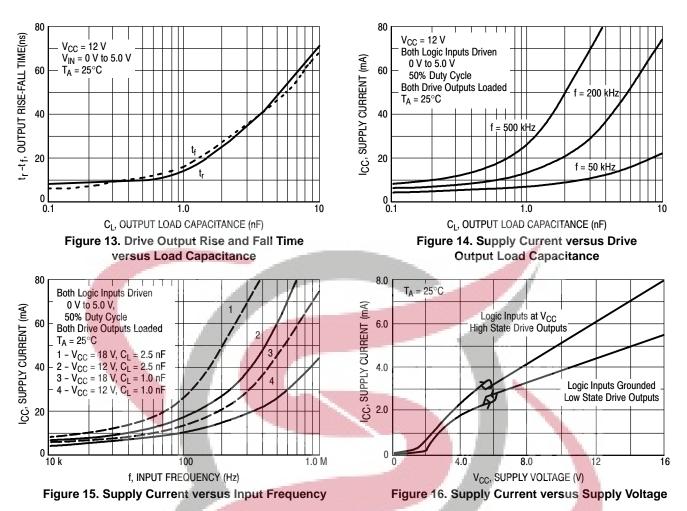


http://onsemi.com 4

Published by WWW.SKYT Ξ



Published by WWW.SKYTECH.ir



APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

Description

The MC34152 is a dual noninverting high speed driver specifically designed to interface low current digital circuitry with power MOSFETs. This device is constructed with Schottky clamped Bipolar Analog technology which offers a high degree of performance and ruggedness in hostile industrial environments.

Input Stage

The Logic Inputs have 170 mV of hysteresis with the input threshold centered at 1.67 V. The input thresholds are insensitive to V_{CC} making this device directly compatible with CMOS and LSTTL logic families over its entire operating voltage range. Input hysteresis provides fast output switching that is independent of the input signal transition time, preventing output oscillations as the input thresholds are crossed. The inputs are designed to accept a signal amplitude ranging from ground to V_{CC} . This allows the output of one channel to directly drive the input of a second channel for master–slave operation. Each input has a 30 k Ω pulldown resistor so that an unconnected open input will cause the associated Drive Output to be in a known low state.

Output Stage

Each totem pole Drive Output is capable of sourcing and sinking up to 1.5 A with a typical 'on' resistance of 2.4 Ω at 1.0 A. The low 'on' resistance allows high output currents to be attained at a lower V_{CC} than with comparative CMOS drivers. Each output has a 100 k Ω pulldown resistor to keep the MOSFET gate low when V_{CC} is less than 1.4 V. No over current or thermal protection has been designed into the device, so output shorting to V_{CC} or ground must be avoided.

Parasitic inductance in series with the load will cause the driver outputs to ring above V_{CC} during the turn-on transition, and below ground during the turn-off transition. With CMOS drivers, this mode of operation can cause a destructive output latchup condition. The MC34152 is immune to output latchup. The Drive Outputs contain an internal diode to V_{CC} for clamping positive voltage transients. When operating with V_{CC} at 18 V, proper power supply bypassing must be observed to prevent the output ringing from exceeding the maximum 20 V device rating. Negative output transients are clamped by the internal NPN pullup transistor. Since full supply voltage is applied across

Published by WWW.SKYTEC[®]H.ir

the NPN pullup during the negative output transient, power dissipation at high frequencies can become excessive. Figures 19, 20, and 21 show a method of using external Schottky diode clamps to reduce driver power dissipation.

Undervoltage Lockout

An undervoltage lockout with hysteresis prevents erratic system operation at low supply voltages. The UVLO forces the Drive Outputs into a low state as V_{CC} rises from 1.4 V to the 5.8 V upper threshold. The lower UVLO threshold is 5.3 V, yielding about 500 mV of hysteresis.

Power Dissipation

Circuit performance and long term reliability are enhanced with reduced die temperature. Die temperature increase is directly related to the power that the integrated circuit must dissipate and the total thermal resistance from the junction to ambient. The formula for calculating the junction temperature with the package in free air is:

$$T_{J} = T_{A} + P_{D} (R_{\theta JA})$$

where: T_J = Junction Temperature T_A = Ambient Temperature $P_D = Power Dissipation$ R_{0.IA} = Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient

There are three basic components that make up total power to be dissipated when driving a capacitive load with respect to ground. They are:

$$P_{D} = P_{Q} + P_{C+P}T$$

where:

P_Q = Quiescent Power Dissipation P_C = Capacitive Load Power Dissipation

P_T = Transition Power Dissipation

The quiescent power supply current depends on the supply voltage and duty cycle as shown in Figure 16. The device's quiescent power dissipation is:

 $P_Q = V_{CC} (I_{CCL} [1-D] + I_{CCH} [D])$

I_{CCI} = Supply Current with Low State Drive where: Outputs I_{CCH} = Supply Current with High State Drive Outputs

D = Output Duty Cycle

The capacitive load power dissipation is directly related to the load capacitance value, frequency, and Drive Output voltage swing. The capacitive load power dissipation per driver is:

$$P_{C} = V_{CC} (V_{OH} - V_{OL}) C_{L} f$$

 V_{OH} = High State Drive Output Voltage where:

C_L = Load Capacitance f = Frequency

When driving a MOSFET, the calculation of capacitive load power P_C is somewhat complicated by the changing gate to source capacitance CGS as the device switches. To

aid in this calculation, power MOSFET manufacturers provide gate charge information on their data sheets. Figure 17 shows a curve of gate voltage versus gate charge for the ON Semiconductor MTM15N50. Note that there are three distinct slopes to the curve representing different input capacitance values. To completely switch the MOSFET 'on,' the gate must be brought to 10 V with respect to the source. The graph shows that a gate charge Qg of 110 nC is required when operating the MOSFET with a drain to source voltage V_{DS} of 400 V.

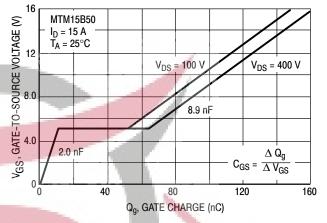


Figure 17. Gate-to-Source Voltage versus Gate charge

The capacitive load power dissipation is directly related to the required gate charge, and operating frequency. The capacitive load power dissipation per driver is:

$$P_{C(MOSFET)} = V_{CC} Q_g f$$

The flat region from 10 nC to 55 nC is caused by the drain-to-gate Miller capacitance, occurring while the MOSFET is in the linear region dissipating substantial amounts of power. The high output current capability of the MC34152 is able to quickly deliver the required gate charge for fast power efficient MOSFET switching. By operating the MC34152 at a higher V_{CC}, additional charge can be provided to bring the gate above 10 V. This will reduce the 'on' resistance of the MOSFET at the expense of higher driver dissipation at a given operating frequency.

The transition power dissipation is due to extremely short simultaneous conduction of internal circuit nodes when the Drive Outputs change state. The transition power dissipation per driver is approximately:

$$\label{eq:pt} \begin{split} P_T &\approx V_{CC} \; (1.08 \; V_{CC} \; C_L \; f - 8 \; x \; 10^{-4}) \\ P_T \; must \; be \; greater \; than \; zero. \end{split}$$

Switching time characterization of the MC34152 is performed with fixed capacitive loads. Figure 13 shows that for small capacitance loads, the switching speed is limited by transistor turn-on/off time and the slew rate of the internal nodes. For large capacitance loads, the switching speed is limited by the maximum output current capability of the integrated circuit.

http://onsemi.com Published by WWW.SKYTEC

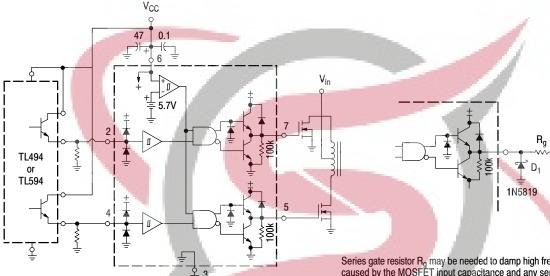
LAYOUT CONSIDERATIONS

High frequency printed circuit layout techniques are imperative to prevent excessive output ringing and overshoot. Do not attempt to construct the driver circuit on wire-wrap or plug-in prototype boards. When driving large capacitive loads, the printed circuit board must contain a low inductance ground plane to minimize the voltage spikes induced by the high ground ripple currents. All high current loops should be kept as short as possible using heavy copper runs to provide a low impedance high frequency path. For optimum drive

performance, it is recommended that the initial circuit design contains dual power supply bypass capacitors connected with short leads as close to the V_{CC} pin and ground as the layout will permit. Suggested capacitors are a low inductance 0.1 μ F ceramic in parallel with a 4.7 μ F tantalum. Additional bypass capacitors may be required depending upon Drive Output loading and circuit layout.

Proper printed circuit board layout is extremely critical and cannot be over emphasized.

Vin

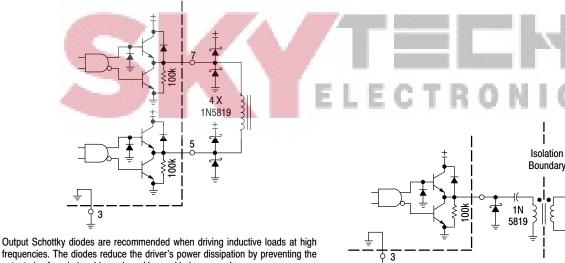


The MC34152 greatly enhances the drive capabilities of common switching regulators and CMOS/TTL logic devices.

Figure 18. Enhanced System Performance with **Common Switching Regulators**

Series gate resistor R_g may be needed to damp high frequency parasitic oscillations caused by the MOSFET input capacitance and any series wiring inductance in the gate-source circuit. R_d will decrease the MOSFET switching speed. Schottky diode D₁ can reduce the driver's power dissipation due to excessive ringing, by preventing the output pin from being driven below ground.

Figure 19. MOSFET Parasitic Oscillations



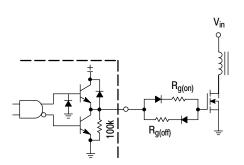
frequencies. The diodes reduce the driver's power dissipation by preventing the output pins from being driven above V_{CC} and below ground.

3

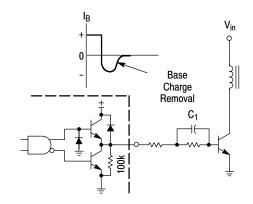
Figure 20. Direct Transformer Drive

Figure 21. Isolated MOSFET Drive

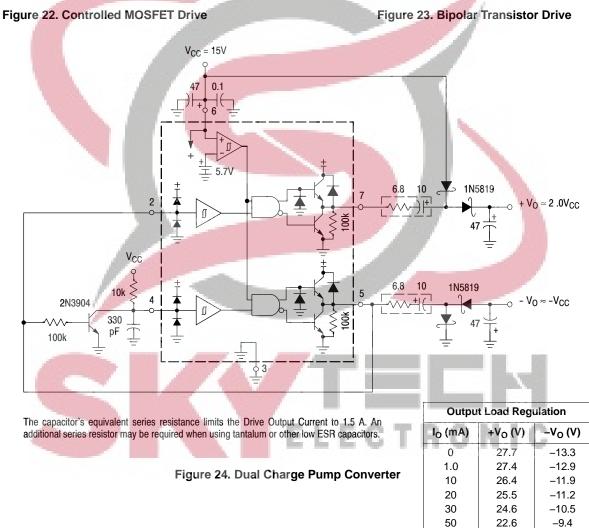
http://onsemi.com Published by WWW.SKYT



In noise sensitive applications, both conducted and radiated EMI can be reduced significantly by controlling the MOSFET's turn-on and turn-off times.



The totem-pole outputs can furnish negative base current for enhanced transistor turn-off, with the addition of capacitor C_1 .



ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Package	Shipping [†]
MC34152DG	SOIC-8 (Pb-Free)	98 Units / Rail
MC34152DR2G	SOIC-8 (Pb-Free)	2500 Tape & Reel
MC34152PG	PDIP-8 (Pb-Free)	50 Units / Rail
MC33152DG	SOIC-8 (Pb-Free)	98 Units / Rail
MC33152DR2G	SOIC-8 (Pb-Free)	2500 Tape & Reel
MC33152PG	PDIP-8 (Pb-Free)	50 Units / Rail
MC33152VDG	SOIC-8 (Pb-Free)	98 Units / Rail
MC33152VDR2G	SOIC-8 (Pb-Free)	2500 Tape & Reel
NCV33152DR2G*	SOIC-8 (Pb-Free)	2500 Tape & Reel

†For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.
 *NCV prefix is for automotive and other applications requiring site and change control.



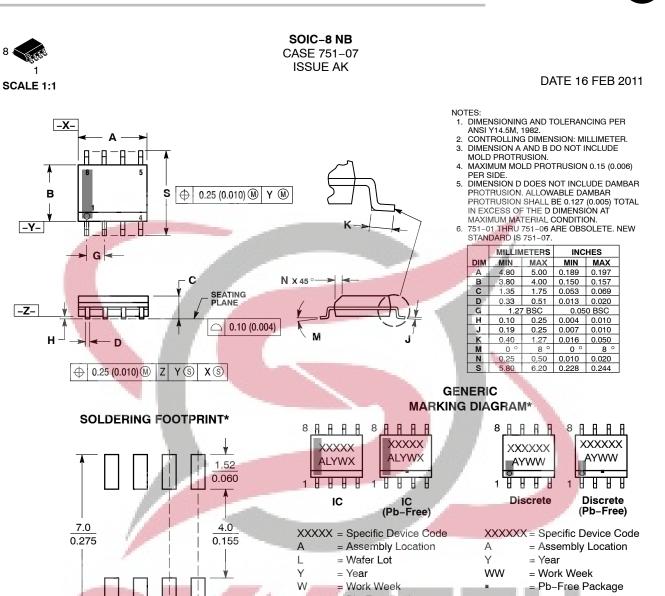


PDIP-8 CASE 626-05 ISSUE P DATE 22 APR 2015 SCALE 1:1 NOTES D Α 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M, 1994. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCHES. DIMENSIONS A, A1 AND L ARE MEASURED WITH THE PACK-F 2. З. H AGE SEATED IN JEDEC SEATING PLANE GAUGE GS-3. 4. DIMENSIONS D, D1 AND E1 DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS. MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS ARE NOT TO EXCEED 0.10 INCH. E1 DIMENSION E IS MEASURED AT A POINT 0.015 BELOW DATUM PLANE H WITH THE LEADS CONSTRAINED PERPENDICULAR 5. **0**1 TO DATUM C. 6. DIMENSION eB IS MEASURED AT THE LEAD TIPS WITH THE ١r NOTE 8 LEADS UNCONSTRAINED. DEADS UNCONSTRAINED.
 DATUM PLANE H IS COINCIDENT WITH THE BOTTOM OF THE LEADS, WHERE THE LEADS EXIT THE BODY. > | < c **b2** В END VIEW PACKAGE CONTOUR IS OPTIONAL (ROUNDED OR SQUARE WITH LEADS CONSTRAINED 8. **TOP VIEW** CORNERS). NOTE 5 INCHES MILLIMETERS A2 DIM MIN MAX MIN MAX e/2 A ----A1 0.015 0.210 5.33 NOTE 3 0.38 A2 0.115 0.195 2.92 4.95 b 0.014 0.022 0.35 0.56 b2 0.060 TYP 1.52 TYP C 0.008 0.014 0.20 0.36 D 0.355 0.400 9.02 10.16 SEATING PLANE D1 0.005 0.13 Α1 0.300 0.325 7.<u>62</u> 6.10 E 8.26 С E1 0.240 0.280 7.11 D1 е 0.100 BSC 2.54 BSC eB 0.430 10.92 е eВ L 0.115 0.150 2.92 3.81 M ---- 10° --- 10° ax b END VIEW М - \oplus 0.010 \otimes C A \otimes B \otimes NOTE 6 SIDE VIEW GENERIC MARKING DIAGRAM* ДД Д STYLE 1: PIN 1. AC IN 2. DC + IN 3. DC - IN 4. AC IN XXXXXXXXX AWL AC IN
 GROUND
 OUTPUT
 AUXILIARY
 V_{CC} YYWWG T AUXILIARY V_{CC} XXXX = Specific Device Code = Assembly Location WI = Wafer Lot YY = Year WW = Work Week = Pb-Free Package G *This information is generic. Please refer to device data sheet for actual part marking. Pb-Free indicator, "G" or microdot " .", may or may not be present.

DOCUMENT NUMBER:	98ASB42420B	Electronic versions are uncontrolled except when accessed directly from the Document Repository. Printed versions are uncontrolled except when stamped "CONTROLLED COPY" in red.		
DESCRIPTION:	: PDIP-8		PAGE 1 OF 1	
ON Semiconductor and 🔟 are trademarks of Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC dba ON Semiconductor or its subsidiaries in the United States and/or other countries. ON Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein. ON Semiconductor makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding				

ON Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein. ON Semiconductor makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does ON Semiconductor assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages. ON Semiconductor does not convey any license under its patent rights nor the rights of others.

Published by WW



 = Pb-Free Package
 *This information is generic. Please refer to device data sheet for actual part marking. Pb-Free indicator, "G" or microdot "•", may or may not be present. Some products may

not follow the Generic Marking.

*For additional information on our Pb–Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

1.270

0.050

SCALE 6:1

 $\left(\frac{\text{mm}}{\text{inches}}\right)$

0.6

0.024

STYLES ON PAGE 2

DOCUMENT NUMBER:	98ASB42564B	Electronic versions are uncontrolled except when accessed directly from Printed versions are uncontrolled except when stamped "CONTROLLED 0		
DESCRIPTION:	SOIC-8 NB		PAGE 1 OF 2	
ON Semiconductor and use are trademarks of Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC dba ON Semiconductor or its subsidiaries in the United States and/or other countries. ON Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein. ON Semiconductor makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does ON Semiconductor assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages. ON Semiconductor does not convey any license under its patent rights nor the rights of others.				

Published by WWY

SOIC-8 NB CASE 751-07 **ISSUE AK**

			DAIL IUILD 20
STYLE 1:	STYLE 2:	STYLE 3:	STYLE 4:
PIN 1. EMITTER	PIN 1. COLLECTOR, DIE, #1	PIN 1. DRAIN, DIE #1	PIN 1. ANODE
2. COLLECTOR	2. COLLECTOR, #1	2. DRAIN, #1	2. ANODE
3. COLLECTOR	3. COLLECTOR, #2	3. DRAIN, #2	3. ANODE
4. EMITTER	4. COLLECTOR, #2	4. DRAIN, #2	4. ANODE
5. EMITTER	5. BASE, #2	5. GATE, #2	5. ANODE
6. BASE	6. EMITTER, #2	6. SOURCE, #2	6. ANODE
7. BASE	7. BASE, #1	7. GATE, #1	7. ANODE
8. EMITTER	8. EMITTER, #1	8. SOURCE, #1	8. COMMON CATHODE
STYLE 5:	STYLE 6:	STYLE 7:	STYLE 8:
PIN 1. DRAIN	PIN 1. SOURCE	PIN 1. INPUT	PIN 1. COLLECTOR, DIE #1
2. DRAIN	2. DRAIN	2. EXTERNAL BYPASS	2. BASE, #1
3. DRAIN	3. DRAIN	3. THIRD STAGE SOURCE	3. BASE, #2
4. DRAIN	4. SOURCE	4. GROUND	4. COLLECTOR, #2
5. GATE	5. SOURCE	5. DRAIN	5. COLLECTOR, #2
6. GATE	6. GATE	6. GATE 3	6. EMITTER, #2
7. SOURCE	7. GATE	7. SECOND STAGE Vd	7. EMITTER, #1
8. SOURCE	8. SOURCE	8. FIRST STAGE Vd	8. COLLECTOR, #1
STYLE 9:	STYLE 10:	STYLE 11:	STYLE 12:
PIN 1. EMITTER, COMMON	PIN 1. GROUND	PIN 1. SOURCE 1	PIN 1. SOURCE
2. COLLECTOR, DIE #1	2. BIAS 1	2. GATE 1	2. SOURCE
3. COLLECTOR, DIE #2	3. OUTPUT	3. SOURCE 2	3. SOURCE
4. EMITTER, COMMON	4. GROUND	4. GATE 2	4. GATE
5. EMITTER, COMMON	5. GROUND	5. DRAIN 2	5. DRAIN
6. BASE, DIE #2	6. BIAS 2	6. DRAIN 2	6. DRAIN
7. BASE, DIE #1	7. INPUT	7. DRAIN 1	7. DRAIN
8. EMITTER, COMMON	8. GROUND	8. DRAIN 1	8. DRAIN
STYLE 13:	STYLE 14:	STYLE 15:	STYLE 16:
PIN 1. N.C.	PIN 1. N-SOURCE	PIN 1. ANODE 1	PIN 1. EMITTER, DIE #1
2. SOURCE	2. N-GATE	2. ANODE 1	2. BASE, DIE #1
3. SOURCE	3. P-SOURCE	3. ANODE 1	3. EMITTER, DIE #2
4. GATE	4. P-GATE	4. ANODE 1	4. BASE, DIE #2
5. DRAIN	5. P-DRAIN	5. CATHODE, COMMON	5. COLLECTOR, DIE #2
6. DRAIN	6. P-DRAIN	6. CATHODE, COMMON	6. COLLECTOR, DIE #2
7. DRAIN	7. N-DRAIN	7. CATHODE, COMMON	7. COLLECTOR, DIE #1
8. DRAIN	8. N-DRAIN	8. CATHODE, COMMON	8. COLLECTOR, DIE #1
STYLE 17:	STYLE 18:	STYLE 19:	STYLE 20:
PIN 1. VCC	PIN 1. ANODE	PIN 1. SOURCE 1	PIN 1. SOURCE (N)
2. V2OUT	2. ANODE	2. GATE 1	2. GATE (N)
3. V1OUT	3. SOURCE	3. SOURCE 2	3. SOURCE (P)
4. TXE	4. GATE	4. GATE 2	4. GATE (P)
5. RXE	5. DRAIN	5. DRAIN 2	5. DRAIN
6. VEE	6. DRAIN	6. MIRROR 2	6. DRAIN
7. GND	7. CATHODE	7. DRAIN 1	7. DRAIN
8. ACC	8. CATHODE	8. MIRROR 1	8. DRAIN
STYLE 21:	STYLE 22:	STYLE 23:	STYLE 24:
PIN 1. CATHODE 1	PIN 1. I/O LINE 1	PIN 1. LINE 1 IN	PIN 1. BASE
2. CATHODE 2	2. COMMON CATHODE/VCC	2. COMMON ANODE/GND	2. EMITTER
3. CATHODE 3	3. COMMON CATHODE/VCC	3. COMMON ANODE/GND	3. COLLECTOR/ANODE
4. CATHODE 4	4. I/O LINE 3	4. LINE 2 IN	4. COLLECTOR/ANODE
5. CATHODE 5	5. COMMON ANODE/GND	5. LINE 2 OUT	5. CATHODE
6. COMMON ANODE	6. I/O LINE 4	6. COMMON ANODE/GND	6. CATHODE
7. COMMON ANODE	7. I/O LINE 5	7. COMMON ANODE/GND	7. COLLECTOR/ANODE
8. CATHODE 6	8. COMMON ANODE/GND	8. LINE 1 OUT	8. COLLECTOR/ANODE
STYLE 25:	STYLE 26:	STYLE 27:	STYLE 28:
PIN 1. VIN	PIN 1. GND	PIN 1. ILIMIT	PIN 1. SW TO_GND
2. N/C	2. dv/dt	2. OVLO	2. DASIC_OFF
3. REXT	3. ENABLE	3. UVLO	3. DASIC_SW_DET
4. GND	4. ILIMIT	4. INPUT+	4. GND
5. IOUT	5. SOURCE	5. SOURCE	5. V_MON
6. IOUT	6. SOURCE	6. SOURCE	6. VBULK
7. IOUT	7. SOURCE	7. SOURCE	7. VBULK
8. IOUT	8. VCC	8. DRAIN	8. VIN
STYLE 29: PIN 1. BASE, DIE #1 2. EMITTER, #1 3. BASE, #2 4. EMITTER, #2 5. COLLECTOR, #2 6. COLLECTOR, #2 7. COLLECTOR, #1 8. COLLECTOR, #1	STYLE 30: PIN 1. DRAIN 1 2. DRAIN 1 3. GATE 2 4. SOURCE 2 5. SOURCE 1/DRAIN 2 6. SOURCE 1/DRAIN 2 7. SOURCE 1/DRAIN 2 8. GATE 1		

Electronic versions are uncontrolled except when accessed directly from the Document Repository. Printed versions are uncontrolled except when stamped "CONTROLLED COPY" in red. **DOCUMENT NUMBER:** 98ASB42564B **DESCRIPTION:** SOIC-8 NB PAGE 2 OF 2 ON Semiconductor and ()) are trademarks of Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC dba ON Semiconductor or its subsidiaries in the United States and/or other countries. ON Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein. ON Semiconductor makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does ON Semiconductor assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages. ON Semiconductor does not convey any license under its patent rights nor the rights of others.

Published by WWY

DATE 16 FEB 2011



ON Semiconductor and are trademarks of Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC dba ON Semiconductor or its subsidiaries in the United States and/or other countries. ON Semiconductor owns the rights to a number of patents, trademarks, copyrights, trade secrets, and other intellectual property. A listing of ON Semiconductor's product/patent coverage may be accessed at www.onsemi.com/site/pdf/Patent-Marking.pdf. ON Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein. ON Semiconductor makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does ON Semiconductor assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages. Buyer is responsible for its products and applications using ON Semiconductor products, including compliance with all laws, regulations and safety requirements or standards, regardless of any support or applications information provided by ON Semiconductor. "Typical" parameters which may be provided in ON Semiconductor date sheets and/or specifications can and do vary in different applications and actual performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including "Typicals" must be validated for each customer application by customer's technical experts. ON Semiconductor does not convey any license under its patent rights nor the rights of others. ON Semiconductor products are not designed, intended, or authorized for use an artitical component in life support systems or any FDA Class 3 medical devices or medical devices with a same or similar classification in a foreign jurisdiction or any devices intended for implantation in the human body. Should Buyer purchase or use ON Semiconductor products harmes, against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, and reasonable attorney fees arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of per

PUBLICATION ORDERING INFORMATION

LITERATURE FULFILLMENT: Email Requests to: orderlit@onsemi.com

TECHNICAL SUPPORT

ON Semiconductor Website: www.onsemi.com

North American Technical Support: Voice Mail: 1 800–282–9855 Toll Free USA/Canada Phone: 011 421 33 790 2910 Europe, Middle East and Africa Technical Support: Phone: 00421 33 790 2910 For additional information, please contact your local Sales Representative

Published by W

٥

Mouser Electronics

Authorized Distributor

Click to View Pricing, Inventory, Delivery & Lifecycle Information:

ON Semiconductor:

 NCV33152DR2
 NCV33152DR2G
 MC33152VDG
 MC33152D
 MC33152DG
 MC33152DR2
 MC33152DR2G

 MC33152P
 MC33152PG
 MC33152VDR2
 MC33152VDR2G
 MC34152D
 MC34152DG
 MC34152DR2

 MC34152DR2G
 MC34152PG
 MC34152PG
 MC34152PG
 MC34152PG



Published by WWW.SKYTECH.ir